五教一理印證 與 道之尊貴

五教一理印證

各教的教理之宗旨,無非是淨化人心社會,使世界成人間淨土、世間天國、大同世界。所以從人類的文明上看,我們無可否認的五教的道統實是同一道統,只是在這大道統上各有各的神聖角色。今五教門徒不察五教本同源,五教本一理,強分枝末,各立門戶,揚己抑彼,自是其是,實 非人類之福,也非五教聖人立教之初衷。

- 在宇宙源頭方面:
 - 五教均認同宇宙有一位絕對主宰
 - 均認為此主宰是創造萬物的本體,而用其不同角度立論其造化過程。天地之終始, 有一定的時期。
- 五教所傳,都不離"道":儒:天、道:元始、耶:上帝、佛:佛、回:真宰
- 在靈性方面:靈性不滅,至善完美,人生最高目的是永生不死的境界
- 在因果報應方面:肯定報應善惡因果,有天堂與地獄
- 在修行方面:要成聖、仙、佛,除靠自力為,尚須他力之加被

儒	存心養性怡,執中而貫一	倫理義,道依天理	忠恕	回歸天理盡人道
道	修心煉性熙,抱元而守一	自然義,道法自然	感應	回歸素樸返天道
耶	洗心移性禮,默禱而親一	真愛義,道即上帝	博愛	回歸真愛入主道
佛	明心見性體,萬法而歸一	智慧義,道曰菩提	慈悲	回歸智慧成佛道
回	堅心定性理,清真而返一	聖潔義,道本清真	仁愛	回歸聖潔守正道

由於種族、風俗、習慣、語言、文字之不同,所以上帝才派五教聖人,因人因時因地各化一方, 啟迷開愚,喚醒眾生... 儒教的忠恕,道教的無為,耶教的博愛,佛教的慈悲,回教的清真,各教 的說法雖是不同,但理卻是相同,都是在指引歸鄉的明路。

道之尊貴

• 就道體方面:道是天地萬物的根源及主宰

- 就天道特色:道是聖聖相傳之道統心法
- 就社會方面而言: 道是救世救劫的一條法船及實現世界大同理想的動力
- 就個人方面而言:
 - 1. 道是通天之路可以超生了死
 - 2. 道是護身符可躲劫避難
 - 3. 道是行孝的良方
 - 4. 道可以改造命運跳出五行
 - 5. 道能消冤解孽
 - 6. 道是成聖、神、仙、佛之階梯
 - 7. 道是志士仁人追求之理想與獻身之途徑

回教長老印證道的尊貴殊勝

車禍中屢次蒙上天求助

外祖父的喜悅與感激

研究班殊勝圖

美國神父證道

Testimonies of the relationship between the five Religions and Tao; Precious Tao

Testimonies of the relationship between the five Religions and Tao

The five religions ultimately share one principle, which is to purify and transform this physical world into a heavenly, and harmonious environment for all living beings. Studying the development of human society, we cannot deny that the five religions sprout from one source, and each has its own significant role to play in the development of the human race. Unfortunately, nowadays, followers of these religions cannot appreciate the origin they shared with each other. This is a great pity for the human race, and is also against the original teaching left behind by the centre figure of each of these five religions.

- From the perspective of the universe
 - All five religions believe that there is one and only one creator of the universe
 - All five religions believe that the universe is created by this creator. Through different perspectives and taking different angles, each religion uses different ways to explain the creation of this universe.
- The teaching of all these five religions is all about Tao. Each simply refers to the Creator of the universe with a different name.
- From the perspective of the soul
 - Soul is immortal. never dying nor decaying. It is perfect in all aspects.
- From the perspective of Cause and Effect
 - Believing in Heaven and Hell. Believing in Kama.
- From the perspective of cultivation
 - Believing that although, it requires sincere and dedicated cultivating to become Saint, Sage, Buddha, it also requires bless from the Creator.

Confucianism	Following and applying Tao to fulfill one's responsibility in this society	
Taoism	Returning to one's original state by simplifies ones desire and interaction with others.	
Christianity	Returning to God by loving and accepting God	
Buddhism	Cultivating ones wisdom enables one to obtain buddhahood.	
Islam	Purify oneself through rigorous cultivation	

To support the various race, culture, habit, and language, God sent these 5 Saints, at each corner of this earth, teaching, and guiding people. Through different methods, they light up the same path that leading people to the one and only one origin.

Precious Tao

- Tao is the origin and creator of the universe.
- Tao is the essence of the teaching passed down from one generational patriarch to the next
- Tao is the force to save people from suffering, and to create a harmonious world
- From the personal's perspective:
 - Tao is the path enabling us to break out of the birth and death cycle.
 - Tao protects us from disasters
 - Tao is a good example of Filial Piety
 - Tao can change our life and our fate
 - Tao can resolve bad karma
 - Tao is the road map to become Saint, Sage, Buddha
 - Tao is the goal for cultivators and the way to dedicate ourselves for other people's need.

Example of precious Tao

- The experience of one Islamic elder receiving Tao
- The miracle of surviving a car accident
- Grandfather's gratitude
- The importance of the studying group
- The testimony of an American Father.